

## Grades 6-8

## 3.1.6-8.S Life Science: Natural Selection and Evolution

**Students who demonstrate understanding can** construct an explanation based on evidence that describes how genetic variations of traits in a population increase some individuals' probability of surviving and reproducing in a specific environment.

Clarifying Statement: Emphasis is on using simple probability statements and proportional reasoning to construct explanations.

**Assessment Boundary: N/A** 

Science and Engineering Practices (SEP)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCI)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCC)
Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions  Constructing explanations and designing solutions in 6–8 builds on K–5 experiences and progresses to include constructing explanations and designing solutions supported by multiple sources of evidence consistent with scientific ideas, principles, and theories.  Construct an explanation that includes qualitative or quantitative relationships between variables that predict(s) and/or describe(s) phenomena.	Natural Selection  Natural selection leads to the predominance of certain traits in a population, and the suppression of others.	Phenomena may have more than one cause, and some cause and effect relationships in systems can only be described using probability.

**Pennsylvania Context:** Examples of Pennsylvania context include but are not limited to genetic variations in local Pennsylvania species such as albino squirrels, black squirrels, albino deer, Pennsylvania elk, timber rattlesnakes, river otters, or brown trout.

PA Career Ready Skills: Explain to others one's own strengths, needs, and preferences specific to a context.

## **Connections to Other Standards Content and Practices**

Standard Source	Possible Connections to Other Standard(s) or Practice(s)
Agriculture (AFNR)	CS.02.02.01.a: Identify and summarize the components within AFNR systems (e.g., Animal Systems: health, nutrition, genetics, etc.; Natural Resources Systems: soil, water, etc.).
Science, Environmental Literacy and Sustainability (NAAEE)	5-8 Strand 2.1.B. Earth's living systems: Learners identify basic similarities and differences among a wide variety of living organisms. They explain ways that living organisms, including humans, affect the environment in which they live, and how their environment affects them.

## Science, Technology & Engineering, and Environment Literacy & Sustainability (STEELS)



Standard Source	Possible Connections to Other Standard(s) or Practice(s)	
PA Core Standards: ELA	CC.3.5.6-8.A: Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts. CC.3.5.6-8.I: Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic. CC.3.6.6-8.B: Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/experiments, or technical processes. CC.3.6.6-8.H: Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis reflection, and research. CC.1.5.8.A: Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions, on grade-level topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. CC.1.5.8.D: Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound, valid reasoning, and well-chosen details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume and clear pronunciation.	
PA Core Standards and Practices: Math	CC.2.1.7.D.1: Analyze proportional relationships and use them to model and solve real-world and mathematical problems.	
PA Standards: Social Studies	7.4.6.A: Describe and explain the effects of the physical systems on people within regions.	
Educational Technology (ISTE)	1.3. Knowledge Constructor: Students critically curate a variety of resources using digital tools to construct knowledge, produce creative artifacts and make meaningful learning experiences for themselves and others.	
Technology and Engineering (ITEEA)	STEL-3G: Explain how knowledge gained from other content areas affects the development of technological products and systems.	