

Grade 3: English Language Arts Academic Strategies (2022)

The most effective and equitable way to support students in their learning is to ensure that the vast majority of time is spent engaging with grade-level content, remediating with precision, and accelerating as needed. It is entirely possible to hold high expectations for all students while addressing unfinished learning in the context of grade-level work. Since time is a scarce commodity in classroom, strategic instructional and assessment choices are critical.¹

Instruction

It is vitally important that educators are supported to make deliberate instructional choices that allow all students to effectively engage with grade-level work. Instruction must be aligned to a coherent set of learning outcomes, indicating what students should know and be able to do. Dimensions for consideration when planning for instruction include the following:

- <u>Delivery</u> is differentiated relative to explicitness through modeling, systematic instruction with appropriate scaffolding and pacing, and provision of immediate corrective feedback to students with sufficient opportunities to respond.
- **Grouping** includes whole group, homogeneous small group, partners, heterogeneous mixed ability small group, independent, and one-to-one.
- <u>Time</u> varies relative to a particular area of content, small group instruction versus whole group instruction, and opportunities for students to interact or work independently.
- <u>Materials</u> should be evidence-based and adjusted to meet the needs of students and the purpose of the lesson/activity.
- Learning Environment must be positive and safe and have clearly defined consistent expectations.

Assessment

A highly developed assessment system includes a balanced approach to using formal and informal assessments, classroom-based evidence showing growth over time, and involving students in the evaluation of their own work. The adoption of a systemic approach enhances the use of assessment data to inform teaching and learning practices. This system should include assessment tools that are congruent with the district's goals and curriculum.

Assessments can be done in sync with daily instruction through intentional activities that can collect data, such as phoneme/grapheme activities or assessments, journal writing, and skills-based center activities. For skills harder to assess during instruction, or to work with individual students, there are a variety of assessments that can be done in less than two minutes, such as Test of Word Reading Efficiency, or some that take just a little longer like Lexplore, DIBELS, FastBridge, and more. Continuous progress monitoring will allow the teacher to catch any student before they fall too far behind.

This guidance document is designed to identify key strategies with a focus on English Language Arts instruction and assessment to support PA Academic Standards. This document is in support of the PDE's <u>Accelerated Learning</u> information and PA Roadmap: <u>Focus on Effective Instruction</u>.

For additional support and resources, contact PDE or your local Intermediate Unit.

The resources listed below are provided as options and examples. Pennsylvania does not require, recommend, or endorse any specific program or product. All curricular and instructional decisions are made at the local level.

¹ Adapted from 2020–21 Priority Instructional Content in English Language Arts/literacy and Mathematics, Student Achievement Partners/Achieve the Core. May 2020



GRADE 3 ACADEMIC STRATEGIES (2022)

The <u>Pennsylvania State Literacy Plan</u> (PaSLP), offers guidance as to where instruction should occur to meet critical grade level expectations of the standards. This document is designed to help identify and define areas of high-level focus in English Language Arts instruction & assessment. Using the key concepts in the left-hand column, complete a self-check for current instructional & assessment practices. After identifying areas of need, use the right-hand column to select specific strategies/resources that may strengthen the selected concepts.

Reading

Continuing the development of word recognition skills, vocabulary, & comprehension skills/strategies.

Practicing fluency daily focusing on repeated readings & continued opportunities to practice reading.

Engaging in direct, explicit, systematic, differentiated instruction.

Participating in daily structured language & literacy learning task opportunities & collaborative learning.

Learning new words, facts, & ideas from reading, as well as interpreting, & summarizing texts from multiple genres.

Writing

Engaging in systematic & explicit instruction in basic writing skills.

Writing daily with guidance for a variety of purposes.

Focusing on the writing process as a means of improving writing.

Speaking & Listening

Engaging daily in one-to-one, small group, & whole class conversations including discussions & collaborative communication.

Establishing skills of collaborating, being a good listener, taking turns, & supporting ideas with facts.

Developing & asking questions about topics & text being studied & read.

Language

Gaining control over conventions of standard English grammar, usage, & mechanics, as well as learning other ways to use language.

Determining or clarifying the meaning of words. Appreciating non-literal meanings shadings of meaning, & relationships to other words.

Understanding new words within context & with explanations.

Classroom/Time Management

Setting the tone, establishing a positive environment, & building relationships.

Establishing procedures, routines, daily agenda, & call-and-response patterns.

Creating a classroom management plan with student input.

Preparing students for a substitute & teaching flexibility for an interrupted routine.

Modeling ideal behavior, demonstrating good & bad choices.

Using positive language, teacher proximity & nonverbal communication.

Encouraging initiative, maintaining student attention, & offering praise.

Providing suitable work (diagnostic & prescriptive).

Providing visual reminders (anchor charts).

Making positive phone calls & sending positive notes.

Understanding trauma-informed care.

Instructional Resources

Marzano's Best Practice Instructional Strategies

Repeated Reading

Reciprocal Teaching

School Practices to Address Student

Learning Loss

Foundational Skills to Support Reading for Understanding in

Kindergarten Through 3rd Grade Instructional Practice Guide Specific documents related to Text Dependent Analysis:

Close Reading Questions

Collaborative Discussions

Purposeful Annotations

Selecting Complex Texts

Reading Elements/Structure

Inference/Analysis

Understanding TDA

Anatomy of a TDA

Modeling a TDA Response

TDA Learning Progressions
TDA Student Work Analysis

Gr 3 Close Reading Lessons

Gr 3 Annotated Student Work

Assessment Resources

Formative Assessment

Classroom Diagnostic Tools (CDTs)

SAS Assessment Center

Doing What Works - Proven Methods

IES: Connecting Research, Policy and Practice

PaSLP Toolkit

WWC | Find What Works!

Management Resources

Effective Lesson Planning, Delivery Techniques & Management

5 Classroom Management Tips That Seem Counterintuitive

Effective Classroom Management Strategies to Achieve Your Goals

20 Classroom Management Strategies and Techniques

5 Time Management Tips for Teachers | Resilient Educator

Classroom Management Strategies

27 Classroom Management Strategies

The Cleverest Third Grade Classroom Management Tools

Second and Third Grade

Effective Strategies & Practices for Third Grade Students

The Age-by-Age Guide to Teaching Kids Time Management

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