The most effective and equitable way to support students in their learning is to ensure that the vast majority of time is spent engaging with grade-level content, remediating with precision, and accelerating as needed. It is entirely possible to hold high expectations for all students while addressing unfinished learning in the context of grade-level work. Since time is a scarce commodity in classroom, strategic instructional and assessment choices are critical.1

Instruction
It is vitally important that educators are supported to make deliberate instructional choices that allow all students to effectively engage with grade-level work. Instruction must be aligned to a coherent set of learning outcomes, indicating what students should know and be able to do. Dimensions for consideration when planning for instruction include the following:

- **Delivery** is differentiated relative to explicitness through modeling, systematic instruction with appropriate scaffolding and pacing, and provision of immediate corrective feedback to students with sufficient opportunities to respond.
- **Grouping** includes whole group, homogeneous small group, partners, heterogeneous mixed ability small group, independent, and one-to-one.
- **Time** varies relative to a particular area of content, small group instruction versus whole group instruction, and opportunities for students to interact or work independently.
- **Materials** should be evidence-based and adjusted to meet the needs of students and the purpose of the lesson/activity.
- **Learning Environment** must be positive and safe and have clearly defined consistent expectations.

Assessment
A highly developed assessment system includes a balanced approach to using formal and informal assessments, classroom-based evidence showing growth over time, and involving students in the evaluation of their own work. The adoption of a systemic approach enhances the use of assessment data to inform teaching and learning practices. This system should include assessment tools that are congruent with the district's goals and curriculum. Assessments can be done in sync with daily instruction through intentional activities that can collect data, such as phoneme/grapheme activities or assessments, journal writing, and skills-based center activities. For skills harder to assess during instruction, or to work with individual students, there are a variety of assessments that can be done in less than two minutes, such as Test of Word Reading Efficiency, or some that take just a little longer like Lexplore, DIBELS, FastBridge, and more. Continuous progress monitoring will allow the teacher to catch any student before they fall too far behind.

This guidance document is designed to identify key strategies with a focus on English Language Arts instruction and assessment to support PA Academic Standards. This document is in support of the PDE's Accelerated Learning information and PA Roadmap: Focus on Effective Instruction.

For additional support and resources, contact PDE or your local Intermediate Unit. The resources listed below are provided as options and examples. Pennsylvania does not require, recommend, or endorse any specific program or product. All curricular and instructional decisions are made at the local level.

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1 Adapted from 2020–21 Priority Instructional Content in English Language Arts/literacy and Mathematics, Student Achievement Partners/Achieve the Core. May 2020
**GRADE 3 ACADEMIC STRATEGIES (2022)**

The Pennsylvania State Literacy Plan (PaSLP), offers guidance as to where instruction should occur to meet critical grade level expectations of the standards. This document is designed to help identify and define areas of high-level focus in English Language Arts instruction & assessment. Using the key concepts in the left-hand column, complete a self-check for current instructional & assessment practices. After identifying areas of need, use the right-hand column to select specific strategies/resources that may strengthen the selected concepts.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reading</th>
<th>Instructional Resources</th>
<th>Assessment Resources</th>
<th>Management Resources</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Continuing the development of word recognition skills, vocabulary, &amp; comprehension skills/strategies. Practicing fluency daily focusing on repeated readings &amp; continued opportunities to practice reading. Engaging in direct, explicit, systematic, differentiated instruction. Participating in daily structured language &amp; literacy learning task opportunities &amp; collaborative learning. Learning new words, facts, &amp; ideas from reading, as well as interpreting, &amp; summarizing texts from multiple genres.</td>
<td>Marzano’s Best Practice Instructional Strategies</td>
<td>Formative Assessment</td>
<td>Effective Lesson Planning, Delivery Techniques &amp; Management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Writing</td>
<td></td>
<td>Classroom Diagnostic Tools (CDTs)</td>
<td>5 Classroom Management Tips That Seem Counterintuitive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engaging in systematic &amp; explicit instruction in basic writing skills. Writing daily with guidance for a variety of purposes. Focusing on the writing process as a means of improving writing.</td>
<td>Repeated Reading</td>
<td>SAS Assessment Center</td>
<td>Effective Classroom Management Strategies to Achieve Your Goals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speaking &amp; Listening</td>
<td>Reciprocal Teaching</td>
<td>Doing What Works - Proven Methods</td>
<td>20 Classroom Management Strategies and Techniques</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engaging daily in one-to-one, small group, &amp; whole class conversations including discussions &amp; collaborative communication. Establishing skills of collaborating, being a good listener, taking turns, &amp; supporting ideas with facts. Developing &amp; asking questions about topics &amp; text being studied &amp; read.</td>
<td>School Practices to Address Student Learning Loss</td>
<td>IES, Connecting Research, Policy and Practice</td>
<td>5 Time Management Tips for Teachers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>Foundational Skills to Support</td>
<td>PaSLP Toolkit</td>
<td>Classroom Management Strategies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gaining control over conventions of standard English grammar, usage, &amp; mechanics, as well as learning other ways to use language. Determining or clarifying the meaning of words. Appreciating non-literal meanings, shadings of meaning, &amp; relationships to other words. Understanding new words within context &amp; with explanations.</td>
<td>Reading for Understanding in Kindergarten Through 3rd Grade Instructional Practice Guide</td>
<td>WWC</td>
<td>The Cleverest Third Grade Classroom Management Tools</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Classroom/Time Management</td>
<td>Understanding TDA Anatomy of a TDA</td>
<td>Modeling a TDA Response</td>
<td>Second and Third Grade</td>
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<td>Gr 3 Close Reading Lessons</td>
<td>The Age-by-Age Guide to Teaching Kids Time Management</td>
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