# Academic Standards for Civics and Government

July 2010 Elementary Standards Grades Pre-K - 3



# **Pennsylvania Department of Education**

These standards are offered as a voluntary resource for Pennsylvania's schools and await action by the State Board of Education.

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### XIV. INTRODUCTION

This document includes Academic Standards for Civics and Government that describe what students should know and be able to do in four areas:

- ♦ 5.1. Principles and Documents of Government
- ♦ 5.2. Rights and Responsibilities of Citizenship
- ♦ 5.3. How Government Works
- ♦ 5.4. How International Relationships Function

The Civics and Government Academic Standards describe what students should know and be able to do through twelfth grade. Throughout the standard statements, concepts found in lower grades must be developed more fully throughout higher grade levels.

The Pennsylvania Constitution of 1790 was the basis for the Free Public School Act of 1834 that is the underpinning of today's system of schools operating throughout the Commonwealth. These schools were created to educate children to be useful citizens, loyal to the principles upon which our republic was founded, and aware of their duties as citizens to maintain those ideals.

The Academic Standards for Civics and Government are based on the Public School Code of 1949 which directs "... teaching and presentation of the principles and ideals of the American republican representative form of government as portrayed and experienced by the acts and policies of the framers of the Declaration of Independence and framers of the Constitution of the United States and Bill of Rights. . .". The intent of the Code is that such instruction "shall have for its purpose also instilling into every boy and girl who comes out of public, private and parochial schools their solemn duty and obligation to exercise intelligently their voting privilege and to understand the advantages of the American republican representative form of government as compared with various other forms of governments."

A glossary is included to assist the reader in clarifying terminology contained in the standards.

| 5.1  | 5.1. Principles and Documents of Government                   |   |  |  |   |
|--|---|---|--|--|---|
| 5  | 5.1.PK. GRADE PRE-K   | 5.1.K. GRADE K                              | 5.1.1. GRADE 1   | 5.1.2. GRADE 2   | 5.1.3. GRADE 3  |
|  | nsylvania's public schools si<br>wledge and skills needed to: | hall teach, challenge and sup               | port every student to realize l                                  | his or her maximum potentia  | l and to acquire the  |
| Rule of<br>Law                                 | 5.1.PK.A.<br>States rules.                                    | 5.1.K.A.<br>Identify the purpose of a rule. | 5.1.1.A.<br>Explain the purposes of rules<br>in the classroom    | 5.1.2.A.<br>Explain the purposes of rules<br>in the classroom and school<br>community    | 5.1.3.A.<br>Explain the purposes of<br>rules, laws, and<br>consequences.  |
| Laws and Government                            | 5.1.PK.B.<br>Intentionally blank                              | 5.1.K.B.<br>Intentionally blank             | 5.1.1.B.<br>Explain the importance of<br>rules in the classroom. | 5.1.2.B.<br>Explain the importance of<br>rules in the classroom and<br>school community. | 5.1.3.B.<br>Explain rules and laws for<br>the classroom, school, and<br>community.  |
| Principles and Ideals that<br>Shana Covernment | 5.1.PK.C.<br>Intentionally blank                              | 5.1.K.C.<br>Intentionally blank             | 5.1.1.C.<br>Intentionally blank                                  | 5.1.2.C.<br>Intentionally blank  | <ul> <li>5.1.3.C.</li> <li>Define the principles and ideals shaping local government.</li> <li>Liberty / Freedom</li> <li>Democracy</li> <li>Justice</li> <li>Equality</li> </ul> |

|   | 5.1.PK. GRADE PRE-K              | 5.1.K. GRADE K                  | 5.1.1. GRADE 1                   | 5.1.2. GRADE 2                  | 5.1.3. GRADE 3   |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
|   | • •                              |                                 | support every student to realize | e his or her maximum potent     | tial and to acquire the  |
| kna   | owledge and skills needed to:    |                                 |                                  |                                 |  |
| Documents and Ideals that Shape Pennsylvania and US | 5.1.PK.D.<br>Intentionally blank | 5.1.K.D.<br>Intentionally blank | 5.1.1.D.<br>Intentionally blank  | 5.1.2.D.<br>Intentionally blank | <ul> <li>5.1.3.D.<br/>Identify key ideas about<br/>government found in<br/>significant documents:</li> <li>Declaration of<br/>Independence</li> <li>United States Constitution</li> <li>Bill of Rights</li> <li>Pennsylvania Constitution</li> </ul> |
| Lilulylaual<br>D:~b4~                               | 5.1.PK.E.<br>Intentionally blank | 5.1.K.E.<br>Intentionally blank | 5.1.1.E.<br>Intentionally blank  | 5.1.2.E.<br>Intentionally blank | 5.1.3.E.<br>Intentionally Blank  |

#### 5.1. Principles and Documents of Government **5.1.PK. GRADE PRE-K** 5.1.K. GRADE K 5.1.1. GRADE 1 5.1.3. GRADE 3 5.1.2. GRADE 2 Pennsylvania's public schools shall teach, challenge and support every student to realize his or her maximum potential and to acquire the knowledge and skills needed to: 5.1.K.F. 5.1.PK.F. 5.1.1.F. 5.1.2.F. 5.1.3.F. Identify state symbols, Identify basic American Identify significant American Identify state symbols, Identify state symbols, national symbols, and national symbols, and symbols (e.g., American holidays. national symbols, and national holidays. national holidays. national holidays. flag).

Symbols

| 5.2                                  | . Rights and Responsib  | ilities of Citizenship  |   |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|
|                                      | 5.2.PK. GRADE PK  | 5.2.K. GRADE K  | 5.2.1. GRADE 1  | 5.2.2. GRADE 2   | 5.2.3. GRADE 3   |
|                                      | nsylvania's public schools sl<br>wledge and skills needed to:                               | hall teach, challenge and sup   | pport every student to realize l  | his or her maximum potentia  | l and to acquire the   |
| Civics Rights and<br>Resonsibilities |   | 5.2.K.A<br>Identify responsibilities at<br>school.                    | 5.2.1.A.<br>Identify and explain the<br>importance of<br>responsibilities at school and<br>at home. | 5.2.2.A<br>Identify and explain the<br>importance of<br>responsibilities at school at<br>home and the community. | 5.2.3.A.<br>Identify <b>personal rights</b> and<br>responsibilities.   |
| Conflict and<br>Resolution           | 5.2.PK.B.<br>Identify a problem and<br>discuss possible solutions<br>with adult assistance. | 5.2.K.B.<br>Identify a problem and<br>discuss possible solutions.     | 5.2.1.B.<br>Identify a problem and<br>attempt to solve with adult or<br>peer assistance.            | 5.2.2.B.<br>Identify a problem and<br>attempt to solve.  | 5.2.3.B.<br>Identify the sources of<br>conflict and disagreement<br>and different ways conflict<br>can be resolved.    |
| Leadership and<br>Public Service     | 5.2.PK.C.<br>Participate in classroom<br>responsibilities when asked.                       | 5.2.K.C.<br>Participate in classroom<br>responsibilities as assigned. | 5.2.1.C.<br>Identify and participate in<br>classroom and school<br>responsibilities.                | 5.2.2.C.<br>Identify and participate in<br>classroom, school and<br>community responsibilities.                  | 5.2.3.C.<br>Identify leadership and<br>public service opportunities<br>in the school, community,<br>state, and nation. |

# ELEMENTARY STANDARDS GRADES PRE-K - 3

# Civics and Government

| 5.2. Rights and Responsibilities of Citizenship                    |  |   |  |  |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| 5.2.PK. GRADE PK   | 5.2.K. GRADE K   | 5.2.1. GRADE 1  | 5.2.2. GRADE 2   | 5.2.3. GRADE 3   |
| Pennsylvania's public schools s<br>knowledge and skills needed to: |  | port every student to realize   | r his or her maximum potenti   | al and to acquire the  |
| Competent and<br>S.2.PK.D.<br>Intentionally blank                  | 5.2.K.D.<br>Describe how to be a<br>responsible member of a<br>classroom | 5.2.1.D.<br>Describe how to be a<br>responsible member of a<br>school | 5.2.2.D.<br>Describe how to be a<br>responsible member of a<br>community | 5.2.3.D.<br>Describe how <b>citizens</b><br>participate in school and<br>community activities. |

| 5.3                                       | 5.3. How Government Works                                     |                                 |                                 |                                 |  |
|---|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
|   | 5.3.PK. GRADE PK  | 5.3.K. GRADE K                  | 5.3.1. GRADE 1                  | 5.3.2. GRADE 2                  | 5.3.3. GRADE 3   |
|   | nsylvania's public schools si<br>wledge and skills needed to: |                                 | pport every student to realiz   | e his or her maximum potent     | tial and to acquire the  |
| Branches of                               | 5.3.PK.A.<br>Intentionally Blank                              | 5.3.K.A.<br>Intentionally Blank | 5.3.1.A.<br>Intentionally Blank | 5.3.2.A.<br>Intentionally Blank | 5.3.3.A.<br>Identify the roles of the three<br>branches of <b>government</b> . |
| Structure, Organization, and Operation of | 5.3.PK.B.<br>Intentionally Blank                              | 5.3.K.B.<br>Intentionally Blank | 5.3.1.B.<br>Intentionally Blank | 5.3.2.B.<br>Intentionally Blank | 5.3.3.B.<br>Identify how laws are made<br>in the local community.              |

|                          | 5.3.PK. GRADE PK  | 5.3.K. GRADE K  | 5.3.1. GRADE 1  | 5.3.2. GRADE 2  | 5.3.3. GRADE 3  |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
|                          | nsylvania's public schools s<br>wledge and skills needed to:                  | hall teach, challenge and sup   | port every student to realize I   | his or her maximum potential  | and to acquire the  |
| Sarvices                 | 5.3.PK.C.<br>Identify fire fighters, police                                   | 5.3.K.C.<br>Identify roles of fire fighters,<br>police officers, and<br>emergency workers.                      | 5.3.1.C.<br>Identify the value of fire<br>fighters, police officers and<br>emergency workers in the<br>community. | 5.3.2.C.<br>Identify other types of<br>services provided by our<br>community.     | 5.3.3.C.<br>Identify services performed<br>by the local <b>governments</b> .      |
| Flections                | 5.3.PK.D.<br>Identify the classroom<br>teacher as a position of<br>authority. | 5.3.K.D.<br>Identify the classroom<br>teacher and other<br>administrators as holding<br>positions of authority. | 5.3.1.D.<br>Identify positions of<br>authority at school and in the<br>community.                                 | 5.3.2.D.<br>Identify positions of<br>authority at school and in the<br>community. | 5.3.3.D.<br>Identify positions of<br><b>authority</b> at school and<br>community. |
| Elements of the Election | 5.3.PK.E.<br>Intentionally Blank  | 5.3.K.E.<br>Intentionally Blank   | 5.3.1.E.<br>Explain the purpose for<br>elections  | 5.3.2.E.<br>Explain the purpose for<br>elections                                  | 5.3.3.E.<br>Explain the purpose for<br>elections.                                 |

| 5.3                              | . How Government Wo   |  |  |  |   |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|---|
|                                  | 5.3.PK. GRADE PK  | 5.3.K. GRADE K   | 5.3.1. GRADE 1   | 5.3.2. GRADE 2   | 5.3.3. GRADE 3  |
|                                  | nsylvania's public schools s<br>wledge and skills needed to:                          | ý <b>U</b>   | pport every student to realize   | his or her maximum potentia  | and to acquire the  |
| Conflict and the<br>Court System | 5.3.PK.F.<br>Identify appropriate<br>behaviors for responsible<br>classroom citizens. | 5.3.K.F.<br>Identify and explain<br>behaviors for responsible<br>classroom citizens. | 5.3.1.F.<br>Identify and explain<br>behaviors for responsible<br>classroom citizens and<br>possible consequences for<br>inappropriate action | 5.3.2.F.<br>Identify and explain<br>behaviors for responsible<br>school citizens and possible<br>consequences for<br>inappropriate action. | 5.3.3.F.<br>Explain how an action may<br>be just or unjust.                           |
| Interest<br>Crouns               | 5.3.PK.G.<br>Intentionally Blank  | 5.3.K.G.<br>Intentionally Blank  | 5.3.1.G.<br>Intentionally Blank  | 5.3.2.G.<br>Intentionally Blank  | 5.3.3.G.<br>Identify individual interests<br>and explain ways to<br>influence others. |
| Media<br>Influences              | 5.3.4.H.<br>Intentionally Blank   | 5.3.5.H.<br>Intentionally Blank  | 5.3.6.H.<br>Intentionally Blank  | 5.3.7.H.<br>Intentionally Blank  | 5.3.3.H.<br>Intentionally Blank   |
| Taxes                            | 5.3.PK.I.<br>Intentionally Blank  | 5.3.K.I.<br>Intentionally Blank  | 5.3.1.I.<br>Intentionally Blank  | 5.3.2.I.<br>Intentionally Blank  | 5.3.3.I.<br>Intentionally Blank   |
| Systems of<br>Covernment         | 5.3.4.J.<br>Intentionally Blank   | 5.3.5.J.<br>Intentionally Blank  | 5.3.6.J.<br>Intentionally Blank  | 5.3.7.J.<br>Intentionally Blank  | 5.3.3.J.<br>Intentionally Blank   |

| 5.4                        | 5.4. How International Relationships Function |                                  |                                 |                                 |                                 |
|----------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
|                            | 5.4.PK. GRADE PK                              | 5.4.K. GRADE K                   | 5.4.1. GRADE 1                  | 5.4.2. GRADE 2                  | 5.4.3. GRADE 3                  |
|                            |   |                                  | upport every student to realiz  | e his or her maximum potent     | tial and to acquire the         |
| kno                        | wledge and skills needed to                   |                                  |                                 |                                 |                                 |
| Countries and              | 5.4.PK.A.<br>Intentionally Blank              | 5.4.K.A.<br>Intentionally Blank. | 5.4.1.A.<br>Intentionally Blank | 5.4.2.A.<br>Intentionally Blank | 5.4.3.A.<br>Intentionally Blank |
| Tools of<br>Foreign Policy |   | 5.4.K.B.<br>Intentionally Blank  | 5.4.1.B.<br>Intentionally Blank | 5.4.2.B.<br>Intentionally Blank | 5.4.3.B.<br>Intentionally Blank |
| International              |   | 5.4.K.C.<br>Intentionally Blank  | 5.4.1.C.<br>Intentionally Blank | 5.4.2.C.<br>Intentionally Blank | 5.4.3.C.<br>Intentionally Blank |
| Media and its              | 5.4.PK.D.<br>Intentionally Blank              | 5.4.K.D.<br>Intentionally Blank  | 5.4.1.D.<br>Intentionally Blank | 5.4.2.D.<br>Intentionally Blank | 5.4.3.D.<br>Intentionally Blank |

#### 5.4. How International Relationships Function **5.4.PK. GRADE PK** 5.4.K. GRADE K 5.4.1. GRADE 1 5.4.2. GRADE 2 5.4.3. GRADE 3 Pennsylvania's public schools shall teach, challenge and support every student to realize his or her maximum potential and to acquire the knowledge and skills needed to: 5.4.PK.E. 5.4.K.E. 5.4.1.E. 5.4.2.E. 5.4.3.E. How Foreign Policy is Influenced Intentionally Blank Intentionally Blank Intentionally Blank Intentionally Blank Intentionally Blank

## XV. GLOSSARY

| Amendment (Constitutional): | Changes in or additions to a constitution. Proposed by a two-thirds vote of both houses of Congress or by a convention called by Congress at the request of two-thirds of the state legislatures. Ratified by approval of three-fourths of the states.  |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Authority:                  | Right to control or direct the actions of others, legitimized by law, morality, custom or consent.  |
| Bill of Rights:             | First Ten Amendments to the Constitution. Ratified in 1791, these amendments limit government power and protect basic rights and liberties of individuals.  |
| Checks and Balances:        | Constitutional mechanisms that authorize each branch of government to share powers with the other branches and thereby check their activities. For example, the president may veto legislation passed by Congress; the Senate must confirm major executive appointments and the courts may declare acts of Congress unconstitutional. |
| Citizen:                    | Member of a political society who therefore owes allegiance to and is entitled to protection by and from the government.  |
| Citizenship:                | Status of being a member of a state; one who owes allegiance to the government and is entitled to protection by and from the government.  |
| Civic Life:                 | A manner of existence of an individual concerned with the affairs of communities and the common good rather than solely in pursuit of private and personal interests.   |
| Civil Rights:               | Protections and privileges given to all United States citizens by the Constitution and Bill of Rights.  |
| Common or Public Good:      | Benefit or interest of a politically organized society as a whole.  |
| <b>Conflict Resolution:</b> | The process of attempting to solve a dispute or conflict.   |
| Country:                    | The acceptable political boundaries or borders recognized throughout the world.   |

| Democracy:               | Form of government in which political control is exercised by the people, either directly or through their elected representatives.   |
|--------------------------|---|
| Diplomacy:               | The art and practice of conducting negotiations between nations.  |
| Direct Democracy:        | Form of government in which the people completely exercise political decisions.   |
| Documents of Government: | Papers necessary for the organization and powers of government.   |
| Electoral College:       | The group of presidential electors that casts the official votes for President after the presidential election.<br>Each state has a number of electors equal to the total of its members in the Senate and House of<br>Representatives. |
| Equal Protection:        | An idea that no individual or group may receive special privileges from nor be unjustly discriminated against by the political authority of the legal system.   |
| Equality:                | The condition of possessing substantially the same rights, privileges and immunities, and being substantially responsible for the same duties as other members of society.  |
| Foreign Policy:          | Actions of the federal government directed to matters beyond United States' borders, especially relations with other countries.   |
| Government:              | Institutions and procedures through which a territory and its people are ruled.   |
| Individual Rights:       | Just claims due a person by law, morality or tradition as opposed to those due to groups.   |
| Interest Group:          | Organized body of individuals who share same goals and try to influence public policy to meet those goals.  |
| Justice:                 | That which may be obtained through fair distribution of benefits and burdens, fair correction of wrongs and injuries, or use of fair procedures in gathering information and making decisions.  |
| Leadership:              | State or condition of one who guides or governs.  |

| Liberalism:                   | A perspective on international politics that is based on a positive view of human nature, the inevitability of social progress and the harmony of interests.   |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Liberty:                      | Freedom from restraint under conditions essential to the equal enjoyment of the same right by others.  |
| Mass Media:                   | Television, radio, newspapers, magazines, and other means of popular communication.  |
| Nation:                       | Tends to refer to an ethnic group with a cultural and social community. A self-defined cultural community with a common identity and a common origin that spans generations  |
| Nationalism:                  | A feeling of pride or passionate identification with a state on the part of its citizens.  |
| Personal Rights:              | Private legal privileges and decisions that individuals are free to participate in without intervention from government. Personal rights would include the right to vote, petition, assemble and seek public office. |
| Political Party:              | Any group, however loosely organized, that seeks to elect government officials under a given label.  |
| Political Philosophy:         | Begins with the fundamental question about the relationship between a citizen and their state.   |
| Public Service:               | Action of benefit to local, state or national communities through appointed or elected office.   |
| Realism:                      | A perspective on international politics emphasizing the inevitability of conflict among nations, the centrality of power and the ever – present threat of war.   |
| Republic:                     | Form of government in which political control is exercised through elected representatives.  |
| Republican Form of Government | <b>:</b> System of government in which power is held by the voters and is exercised by elected representatives responsible for promoting the common welfare.   |
| Rule of Law:                  | Principle that every member of a society, even a ruler, must follow the law.   |
| Sanctions:                    | Measures to stop or limit trade with another nation in order to change its behavior.   |

| State: | A comm |
|--------|--------|
|--------|--------|

A commonwealth; a nation; a civil power.

United Nations: International organization comprising most of the nation-states of the world. It was formed in 1945 to promote peace, security and economic development.