



**Grade 5**

**3.3.5.D Earth and Space Sciences: Earth's Systems**

**Students who demonstrate understanding can** describe and graph the amounts and percentages of water and fresh water in various reservoirs to provide evidence about the distribution of water on Earth.

**Clarifying Statement:** N/A

**Assessment Boundary:** Assessment is limited to oceans, lakes, rivers, glaciers, ground water, and polar ice caps, and does not include the atmosphere.

Science and Engineering Practices (SEP)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCI)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCC)
<p><b>Using Mathematics and Computational Thinking</b> Mathematical and computational thinking in 3–5 builds on K–2 experiences and progresses to extending quantitative measurements to a variety of physical properties and using computation and mathematics to analyze data and compare alternative design solutions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe and graph quantities such as area and volume to address scientific questions.</li> </ul>	<p><b>ESS2.C: The Roles of Water in Earth's Surface Processes</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Nearly all of Earth's available water is in the ocean. Most fresh water is in glaciers or underground; only a tiny fraction is in streams, lakes, wetlands, and the atmosphere.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Scale, Proportion, and Quantity</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Standard units are used to measure and describe physical quantities such as weight and volume.</li> </ul>

**Pennsylvania Context:** Examples of Pennsylvania context include but are not limited to Pennsylvania's water reservoirs and aquifers.

**PA Career Ready Skills:** Respond to others given a sense of the others' point of view.

**Connections to Other Standards Content and Practices**

Standard Source	Possible Connections to Other Standard(s) or Practice(s)
<b>Agriculture (AFNR)</b>	CS.02.01.01.a: Research and describe different types of geographic data used in AFNR systems.
<b>Science, Environmental Literacy and Sustainability (NAAEE)</b>	5-8 Strand 2.1.A. Earth's physical systems: Learners describe the physical processes that shape Earth, including weather, climate, plate tectonics, and the hydrologic cycle. They explain how matter cycles and energy flows among the abiotic and biotic components of the environment. They describe how humans affect and are affected by Earth's physical systems.



Standard Source	Possible Connections to Other Standard(s) or Practice(s)
<b>PA Core Standards: ELA</b>	CC.1.2.5.G: Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently. CC.1.4.5.W: Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources. CC.1.5.5.E: Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes. CC.1.5.5.A: Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions on grade-level topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.
<b>PA Core Standards and Practices: Math</b>	MP.2: Reason abstractly and quantitatively. MP.6: Attend to precision. CC.2.4.5.A.2: Represent and interpret data using appropriate scale.
<b>PA Standards: Social Studies</b>	7.2.5.A: Describe the characteristics of places and regions.
<b>Educational Technology (ISTE)</b>	1.6. Creative Communicator: Students communicate clearly and express themselves creatively for a variety of purposes using the platforms, tools, styles, formats and digital media appropriate to their goals.
<b>Technology and Engineering (ITEEA)</b>	STEL-3A: Apply concepts and skills from technology and engineering activities that reinforce concepts and skills across multiple content areas.