

Grades 6-8

3.1.6-8.F Life Science: Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems

Students who demonstrate understanding can construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for the role of photosynthesis in the cycling of matter and flow of energy into and out of organisms.

Clarifying Statement: Emphasis is on tracing movement of matter and flow of energy.

Assessment Boundary: Assessment does not include the biochemical mechanisms of photosynthesis.

Science and Engineering Practices (SEP) **Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCI) Crosscutting Concepts (CCC) Constructing Explanations and Designing** Organization for Matter and Energy Flow in **Energy and Matter Organisms Solutions** Within a natural system, the transfer of energy Constructing explanations and designing solutions Plants, algae (including phytoplankton), and drives the motion and/or cycling of matter. in 6-8 builds on K-5 experiences and progresses to many microorganisms use the energy from include constructing explanations and designing light to make sugars (food) from carbon dioxide solutions supported by multiple sources of evidence from the atmosphere and water through the consistent with scientific knowledge, principles, and process of photosynthesis, which also releases theories. oxygen. These sugars can be used immediately or stored for growth or later use. Construct a scientific explanation based on valid and reliable evidence obtained from **Energy in Chemical Processes and Everyday** sources (including the students' own Life experiments) and the assumption that theories The chemical reaction by which plants produce and laws that describe the natural world complex food molecules (sugars) requires an operate today as they did in the past and will energy input (i.e., from sunlight) to occur. In continue to do so in the future. this reaction, carbon dioxide and water combine to form carbon-based organic molecules and release oxygen. Connections to Nature of Science Scientific Knowledge Is Based on Empirical **Evidence** Science knowledge is based upon logical connections between evidence and explanations.

Pennsylvania Context: N/A

PA Career Ready Skills: Analyze various perspectives on a situation.

Connections to Other Standards Content and Practices

Science, Technology & Engineering, and Environment Literacy & Sustainability (STEELS)



Standard Source	Possible Connections to Other Standard(s) or Practice(s)
Agriculture (AFNR)	CS.06.01.01.a: Research and explain the foundational cycles in AFNR (e.g., water cycle, nutrient cycle, carbon cycle, etc.).
Science, Environmental Literacy and Sustainability (NAAEE)	5-8 Strand 2.1.B. Earth's living systems: Learners identify basic similarities and differences among a wide variety of living organisms. They explain ways that living organisms, including humans, affect the environment in which they live, and how their environment affects them.
PA Core Standards: ELA	CC.3.5.6-8.A: Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts. CC.3.5.6-8.B: Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. CC.3.6.6-8.B: Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/experiments, or technical processes. CC.3.6.6-8.H: Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis reflection, and research.
PA Core Standards and Practices: Math	CC.2.2.6.B.3: Represent and analyze quantitative relationships between dependent and independent variables. CC.2.4.7.B.3: Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models. CC.2.4.7.B.1: Draw inferences about populations based on random sampling concepts.
PA Standards: Social Studies	N/A
Educational Technology (ISTE)	1.3. Knowledge Constructor: Students critically curate a variety of resources using digital tools to construct knowledge, produce creative artifacts and make meaningful learning experiences for themselves and others.
Technology and Engineering (ITEEA)	STEL-2M: Differentiate between inputs, processes, outputs, and feedback in technological systems.