



Grades 6–8

3.1.6-8.M Life Science: Growth, Development, and Reproduction of Organisms

Students who demonstrate understanding can *develop and use a model to describe why structural changes to genes (mutations) located on chromosomes may affect proteins and may result in harmful, beneficial, or neutral effects to the structure and function of the organism.*

Clarifying Statement: Emphasis is on conceptual understanding that changes in genetic material may result in making different proteins.

Assessment Boundary: Assessment does not include specific changes at the molecular level, mechanisms for protein synthesis, or specific types of mutations.

| Science and Engineering Practices (SEP) | Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCI) | Crosscutting Concepts (CCC) |
|---|---|---|
| <p>Developing and Using Models</p> <p>Modeling in 6–8 builds on K–5 experiences and progresses to developing, using, and revising models to describe, test, and predict more abstract phenomena and design systems.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Develop and use a model to describe phenomena. | <p>LS3.A: Inheritance of Traits</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Genes are located in the chromosomes of cells, with each chromosome pair containing two variants of each of many distinct genes. Each distinct gene chiefly controls the production of specific proteins, which in turn affects the traits of the individual. Changes (mutations) to genes can result in changes to proteins, which can affect the structures and functions of the organism and thereby change traits. <p>LS3.B: Variation of Traits</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In addition to variations that arise from sexual reproduction, genetic information can be altered because of mutations. Though rare, mutations may result in changes to the structure and function of proteins. Some changes are beneficial, others harmful, and some neutral to the organism. | <p>Structure and Function</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Complex and microscopic structures and systems can be visualized, modeled, and used to describe how their function depends on the shapes, composition, and relationships among its parts, therefore complex natural structures/systems can be analyzed to determine how they function. |

Pennsylvania Context: N/A

PA Career Ready Skills: Analyze various perspectives on a situation.

Connections to Other Standards Content and Practices

| Standard Source | Possible Connections to Other Standard(s) or Practice(s) |
|--------------------|---|
| Agriculture (AFNR) | CS.02.02.01.a: Identify and summarize the components within AFNR systems (e.g., Animal Systems: health, nutrition, genetics, etc.; Natural Resources Systems: soil, water, etc.). |



| Standard Source | Possible Connections to Other Standard(s) or Practice(s) |
|---|---|
| Science, Environmental Literacy and Sustainability (NAAEE) | 5-8 Strand 2.1.B. Earth's living systems: Learners identify basic similarities and differences among a wide variety of living organisms. They explain ways that living organisms, including humans, affect the environment in which they live, and how their environment affects them. 5-8 Strand 2.3.B. Resource distribution and consumption: Learners explain that uneven geographic distribution of natural resources influences their use and perceived value. |
| PA Core Standards: ELA | CC.3.5.6-8.A: Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts. CC.3.5.6-8.D: Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6–8 texts and topics. CC.3.5.6-8.G: Integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram, model, graph, or table). CC.1.5.8.E: Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks. |
| PA Core Standards and Practices: Math | CC.2.2.7.B.3: Model and solve real-world and mathematical problems by using and connecting numerical, algebraic, and/or graphical representations. |
| PA Standards: Social Studies | N/A |
| Educational Technology (ISTE) | 1.6. Creative Communicator: Students communicate clearly and express themselves creatively for a variety of purposes using the platforms, tools, styles, formats and digital media appropriate to their goals. |
| Technology and Engineering (ITEEA) | STEL-3G: Explain how knowledge gained from other content areas affects the development of technological products and systems. |