

Paired Data t-Test

L1	L2	L3	2
91	87		
99	91		
87	84		
85	83		
83	84		
79	76		
-----	-----		
L2(L1) =			

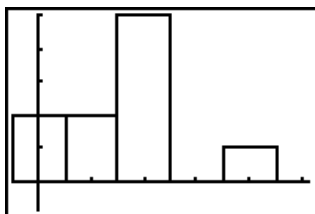
Enter the data you're given into **L1** and **L2**. (Make sure you have equal numbers of data in the lists.)

```
L1-L2→L3
(0 4 4 1 4 8 3 ...
```

Since we're interested in the *differences* between the lists, create a third list, **L3**, by subtracting **L1** and **L2** and using the **STO>** button.

```
2nd F1 Plot2 Plot3
Off
Type: [ ] [ ] [ ]
Xlist: L3
Freq: 1
```

Now...perform a 1-sample t-Test and a 1-sample t-Interval as before! ☺



Don't forget to check the Nearly Normal condition – unimodal and roughly symmetric.

```
T-Test
Inpt: [ ] Stats
μ₀: 0
List: L3
Freq: 1
μ: ≠ μ₀ < μ₀ > μ₀
Calculate Draw
```

Under **STAT, TESTS**, choose **2:T-Test**.

Tell the calculator you want to use the stored **Data**. Set the mu value to 0, indicate where the data are (**L3**), select the **Frequency**, choose the appropriate tail, and **Calculate**.

```
T-Test
μ>0
t=3.5
p=.0033617578
x̄=2.8
Sx=2.529822128
n=10
```

The *t* and the p-value magically appear! ☺

```
TInterval
(.99027, 4.6097)
x̄=2.8
Sx=2.529822128
n=10
```

Now get the confidence interval using **STAT, TESTS, 8:TInterval**.