Study Guide and Intervention 7-1

Multiplication Properties of Exponents

Multiply Monomials A monomial is a number, a variable, or the product of a number and one or more variables with nonnegative integer exponents. An expression of the form x^n is called a **power** and represents the product you obtain when *x* is used as a factor *n* times. To multiply two powers that have the same base, add the exponents.

Product of Powers	For any number <i>a</i> and all integers <i>m</i> and <i>n</i> , $a^m \cdot a^n = a^{m+n}$.		
Example 1 Simp $(3x^6)(5x^2) = (3)(5)(x^6 + (3 + 5))(x^6 + (3 + $	and the variables	Example 2 Simplify $(-4a^{3}b)(3a^{2}b^{5})$ $(-4a^{3}b)(3a^{2}b^{5}) = (-4)(3)(a^{3} \cdot a^{2})(b \cdot b^{5})$ $= -12(a^{3+2})(b^{1+5})$ $= -12a^{5}b^{6}$ The product is $-12a^{5}b^{6}$.	
Exercises			
Simplify each expr 1. $y(y^5)$	ession. $2.n^2\cdot n^7$	3. $(-7x^2)(x^4)$	
4. $x(x^2)(x^4)$	$5.\ m\cdot m^5$	6. $(-x^3)(-x^4)$	
7. $(2a^2)(8a)$	8. $(rn)(rn^3)(n^2)$	9. $(x^2y)(4xy^3)$	
10. $\frac{1}{3}(2a^{3}b)(6b^{3})$	11. $(-4x^3)(-5x^7)$	12. (-3 <i>j</i> ² <i>k</i> ⁴)(2 <i>jk</i> ⁶)	
13. $(5a^2bc^3)(\frac{1}{5}abc^4)$	14. $(-5xy)(4x^2)(y)$	$(10x^3yz^2)(-2xy^5z)$	

7-1 Study Guide and Intervention (continued)

Multiplication Properties of Exponents

Simplify Expressions An expression of the form $(x^m)^n$ is called a **power of a power** and represents the product you obtain when x^m is used as a factor *n* times. To find the power of a power, multiply exponents.

Power of a Power	For any number <i>a</i> and any integers <i>m</i> and <i>p</i> , $(a^m)^p = a^{mp}$.	
Power of a Product	For any numbers a and b and any integer m, $(ab)^m = a^m b^m$.	

We can combine and use these properties to simplify expressions involving monomials.

ExampleSimplify $(-2ab^2)^3(a^2)^4$. $(-2ab^2)^3(a^2)^4 = (-2ab^2)^3(a^8)$ Power of a Power $= (-2)^3(a^3)(b^2)^3(a^8)$ Power of a Product $= (-2)^3(a^3)(a^8)(b^2)^3$ Group the coefficients and the variables $= (-2)^3(a^{11})(b^2)^3$ Product of Powers $= -8a^{11}b^6$ Power of a Power

The product is $-8a^{11}b^6$.

Exercises

Simplify each expression.

1. $(y^5)^2$	2. $(n^7)^4$	3. $(x^2)^5(x^3)$
4. $-3(ab^4)^3$	5. $(-3ab^4)^3$	6. $(4x^2b)^3$
7. $(4a^2)^2(b^3)$	8. $(4x)^2(b^3)$	9. $(x^2y^4)^5$
10. $(2a^3b^2)(b^3)^2$	11. $(-4xy)^3(-2x^2)^3$	12. $(-3j^2k^3)^2(2j^2k)^3$
13. $(25a^2b)^3 \left(\frac{1}{5} abf\right)^2$	14. $(2xy)^2(-3x^2)(4y^4)$	15. $(2x^3y^2z^2)^3(x^2z)^4$
16. $(-2n^6y^5)(-6n^3y^2)(ny)^3$	17. $(-3a^3n^4)(-3a^3n)^4$	18. $-3(2x)^4(4x^5y)^2$