



**Big Idea #10: Hereditary information is inherited and expressed. (The Laws of inheritance in sexual reproduction are determined by genetics. The gene is the common functional unit of heredity.)**

- The DNA that comprises an organism's genome is organized into chromosomes. (S11.B.2.2.1)
- Genes and their related proteins comprise chromosomes. (S11.B.2.2.1)
- One or more pairs of genes code for the expression of inherited traits. (S11.B.2.1.2; S11.B.2.1.4; S11.B.2.2.1)
- Two or more versions of a gene (alleles) contribute to the expression of inherited traits. (S11.B.2.1.4; S11.B.2.2.1)
- Meiosis involves a two-step nuclear division reducing the number of chromosomes in half – producing gametes. (S11.B. 1.1.3; S11.B.2.1.4; S11.B.2.2.1 & 2 & 3)
- During the process of meiosis genetic recombinations may occur contributing to genetic variability within a population. (S11.B. 1.1.3; S11.B.2.1.4; S11.B.2.2.1 & 2 & 3)
- Patterns of inheritance reflecting how genes interact and express themselves (including dominant, recessive, codominance, incomplete dominance, sex-linked, sex-influenced, multiple alleles) can be predicted, observed, and described. S11.B.2.1.4; S11.B.2.2.1 & 2 & 3)
- The Punnet square is a tool that can be used to predict the probability of an offspring's genotype and phenotype. (S11.B.2.2.1 & 2 & 3)

## Tuesday & Wednesday November 23 & 24 – Chapter 10 Test

### 11.1 The Work of Gregor Mendel

- ~~11.1 Lesson Overview PowerPoint (37 slides)~~
- The Work(sheet) of Gregor Mendel – hand in
- 11.1 Skills Workbook: (11.1 due next Tuesday after break)

*Describe Mendel's studies & conclusions about inheritance*

*Describe what happens during segregation*

### Begin Mendelian Genetics

- "Mendelian Genetics in the Simplest Terms I Can think Of" PPT lesson with notes
- Simple Monohybrid & Dihybrid Cross Worksheet (Frog Biology Workbook) together
- ~~Blast Animations: Single Trait Crosses [http://media.pearsoncmg.com/bc/bc\\_0media\\_bio/blast/index.htm?single\\_trait\\_cross](http://media.pearsoncmg.com/bc/bc_0media_bio/blast/index.htm?single_trait_cross)~~  
Genetic Variation: Independent Assortment  
[http://media.pearsoncmg.com/bc/bc\\_0media\\_bio/blast/index.htm?independent\\_assortment](http://media.pearsoncmg.com/bc/bc_0media_bio/blast/index.htm?independent_assortment)  
~~Two Trait Crosses [http://media.pearsoncmg.com/bc/bc\\_0media\\_bio/blast/index.htm?two\\_trait\\_cross](http://media.pearsoncmg.com/bc/bc_0media_bio/blast/index.htm?two_trait_cross)~~
- ~~Marshan Genetics – if time~~

*Review concepts & terms of genetics & construct Punnett squares in examples*

*Randomly select the genotype of an organism & construct its phenotype*

### 11.2 Applying Mendel's Principles – *will probably still need to finish #2, #3 & #4 from yesterday in periods 1&4*

- ~~Review with 11.2 Lesson Overview PowerPoint (52 slides)~~
- SpongeBob Genetics Problems: SB Gen 1, SB Gen 2 & SB Dihybrid – check answers as you go – **finish Tuesday**
- 11.1 due after break

*Explain how geneticists use the principles of probability to make Punnett squares*

*Explain the principle of independent assortment*

*Explain how Mendel's principles apply to all organisms*

\*\*Animation: <http://www.sumanasinc.com/webcontent/animations/content/mendel/mendel.html>

## Tuesday November 30

- Collect, check & go over 11.1 homework at the end of class
- Finish SpongeBob problems
- Hand out notes: Genetics & Math
- Lab: The Ups & Downs of Probability
- Homework: 11.2 Study Workbook & SpongeBob Genetics Quiz tomorrow (?)



11.1 The Work of Gregor Mendel

*Explore how probabilities can be used to predict outcomes*

*Compare predicted outcomes to experimental outcomes*  
*Substitute properly marked coins for gamete cells & toss the coins to represent offspring*  
*Determine the expected offspring & compare it to observed offspring obtained through coin tossing*

### Wednesday December 1: 11.3 Other Patterns of Inheritance

- go over additional genetics & math notes & examples
- finish up/down labs

1. Collect, check & go over & 11.2 homework at the end of class
2. ~~SpongeBob Genetics Quiz: (genetics problems I & II only, no dihybrid)~~
3. ~~11.3 Lesson Overview PowerPoint (15 slides)~~ or my complex inheritance PPT
4. SpongeBob Genetics: Incomplete Dominance (or worksheet w/ codominance problems also) – check answers & hand in
5. 11.3 due tomorrow, & 11.4 due Friday



#### 11.2 Applying Mendel's Principles

*Describe the other inheritance patterns*  
*Explain the relationship between genes & the environment*

### Thursday December 2: 11.4 Meiosis

1. Collect, check & go over 11.3 homework at the end of class
2. My Meiosis notes
3. Cells Alive Meiosis Animation <http://www.cellsalive.com/meiosis.htm>
4. ~~11.4 Lesson Overview PowerPoint (50 slides)~~
5. Frog Workbook worksheet: Stages of Meiosis & Comparing Mitosis & Meiosis
6. Lab: Comparing Mitosis & Meiosis
7. Homework: 11.4 Study Workbook & Vocab Review



#### 11.3 Other Patterns of Inheritance

*Contrast the number of chromosomes in body cells & gametes*  
*Summarize the events of meiosis*  
*Contrast meiosis & mitosis*  
*Describe how alleles from different genes can be inherited together*

BioFlix: Mitosis [http://media.pearsoncmg.com/bc/bc\\_0media\\_bio/bioflix/bioflix.htm?cc6mitosis](http://media.pearsoncmg.com/bc/bc_0media_bio/bioflix/bioflix.htm?cc6mitosis)

BioFlix: Meiosis [http://media.pearsoncmg.com/bc/bc\\_0media\\_bio/bioflix/bioflix.htm?cc6meiosis](http://media.pearsoncmg.com/bc/bc_0media_bio/bioflix/bioflix.htm?cc6meiosis)



#### 11.4 Meiosis

### Friday December 3

1. Collect 11.4/voc rev – check while class completes Comparing Mitosis & Meiosis
2. BioJunction Mendelian Genetics PowerPoint (slides 1-64) & Notes
3. Review for Test – poker? **Jeopardy**

### Monday December 6:

1. Chapter 11 Test
2. **Human Chromosomes**
  - a) Genetics & Heredity Concept Map
  - b) My Human Heredity Notes page 1 & PowerPoint (slides 1-5)
  - c) Lab 21: A Chromosome Study – cut out chromosomes – or do simpler giant version
  - d) Chapter 14 Study Workbook

*Learn what a karyotype is*  
*Prepare a karyotype of a normal human's chromosomes*  
*Prepare a karyotype of an abnormal human's chromosomes*