**English Language Arts** Assessment Anchors and Eligible Content Aligned to the Pennsylvania Core Standards

Grade	Reporting Category	Descriptor		Eligible Content
		A-K.1.1	A-K.1.1.1 A-K.1.1.2 A-K.1.1.3	Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences and/or generalizations drawn from the text. Determine a theme or central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through relevant details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments. Describe how the plot of a particular story, drama, or poem unfolds, as well as how the characters respond or change as the plot moves toward a resolution.
	Literature Text	A-C.2.1	A-C.2.1.1 A-C.2.1.2 A-C.2.1.3	Determine an author's purpose in a text and explain how it is conveyed in the text; explain how an author develops the point of view of the narrator or speaker in a text; describe the effectiveness of the point of view used by the author. Analyze how a particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the theme, setting, or plot. Determine how the author uses the meaning of words or phrases, including figurative and connotative meanings, in a text; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on
		A-C.3.1	A-C.3.1.1	meaning and tone. Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories, dramas, poems, historical novels, fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.
		A-V.4.1	A-V.4.1.1 A-V.4.1.2	<ul> <li>Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 6 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.</li> <li>a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</li> <li>b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., <i>audience, auditory, audible</i>).</li> <li>Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.</li> <li>a. Interpret figurative language (simile, metaphor, personification, and hyperbole) in context.</li> <li>b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., cause/effect, part/whole, item/category, synonym/antonym) to better understand each of the words.</li> <li>c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>stingy, scrimping, economical, unwasteful, thrifty</i>).</li> </ul>
6		B-K.1.1	B-K.1.1.1 B-K.1.1.2 B-K.1.1.3	Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences and/or generalizations drawn from the text. Determine a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through relevant details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments. Analyze in detail how a key individual, event, or idea is introduced, illustrated, or elaborated in a text (e.g., through examples, anecdotes, or sequence of steps).
		B-C.2.1	B-C.2.1.1 B-C.2.1.2 B-C.2.1.3	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and explain how it is conveyed in the text. Analyze how a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, section, or text feature fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the ideas. Determine how the author uses the meaning of words or phrases, including figurative, connotative, or technical meanings, in a text.
	Informational Text	B-C.3.1	B-C.3.1.1 B-C.3.1.2	Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not (e.g., fact/opinion, bias). Compare and contrast one author's presentation of events with that of another (e.g., a
	Infor	B-V.4.1	B-V.4.1.1 B-V.4.1.2	<ul> <li>memoir written by and a biography on the same person).</li> <li>Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 6 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.</li> <li>a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph, a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</li> <li>b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., <i>audience, auditory, audible</i>).</li> <li>c. Determine the meaning of technical words and phrases used in a text.</li> <li>Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.</li> <li>a. Interpret figurative language (simile, metaphor, personification, and hyperbole) in context.</li> <li>b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., cause/effect, part/whole, item/category, synonym/antonym) to better understand each of the words.</li> <li>c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>stingy, scrimping, economical, unwasteful, thrifty</i>).</li> </ul>

**English Language Arts** Assessment Anchors and Eligible Content Aligned to the Pennsylvania Core Standards

Grade	Reporting Category	Descriptor	Eligible Content	
	Conventions of Standard English	D.1.1	<ul> <li>D.1.1.1 Ensure that pronouns are in the proper case (i.e., subjective, objective, and possessive).</li> <li>D.1.1.2 Use intensive pronouns (e.g., <i>myself</i>, <i>ourselves</i>).</li> <li>D.1.1.3 Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person.*</li> <li>D.1.1.4 Recognize and correct vague pronouns (i.e., ones with unclear or ambiguous antecedents).*</li> <li>D.1.1.5 Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb tense.*</li> <li>D.1.1.6 Produce complete sentences, recognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and run-on sentences.*</li> </ul>	
		D.1.2	D.1.1.7Correctly use frequently confused words (e.g., to, too, two; there, their, they're).*D.1.1.8Ensure subject-verb and pronoun-antecedent agreement.*D.1.2.1Use punctuation (e.g., commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off nonrestrictive/parenthetical elements.*D.1.2.2Spell correctly.	
6		D.2.1	D.1.2.3Use punctuation to separate items in a series.*D.2.1.1Vary sentence patterns for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.*D.2.1.2Maintain consistency in style and tone.*D.2.1.3Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely.*D.2.1.4Choose punctuation for effect.*D.2.1.5Choose words and phrases for effect.*	
	Text-Dependent Analysis	E.1.1	<ul> <li>E.1.1.1 Introduce text(s) for the intended audience, state an opinion and/or topic, establish a situation, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to support the writer's purpose.</li> <li>E.1.1.2 Develop the analysis using relevant evidence from text(s) to support claims, opinions, ideas, and inferences and demonstrating an understanding of the text(s).</li> <li>E.1.1.3 Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.</li> <li>E.1.1.4 Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic and/or convey the experience and events.</li> <li>E.1.1.5 Establish and maintain a formal style.</li> <li>E.1.1.6 Provide a concluding section that follows from the analysis presented.</li> </ul>	