

Lincoln's Election and Southern Secession

• **Before, You Learned** The formation of the anti-slavery Republican Party divided the country further.

• **Now You Will Learn** The presidential election of Abraham Lincoln in 1860 led seven Southern states to secede from the Union.

AS YOU READ Take notes on categories and details for the events in this section. Use the categorize chart on both pages of this worksheet.

The Split in the Democratic Party

Southern Democrats	Northern Democrats
1. Platform:	2. Platform:

The Election of 1860 (Candidate - view towards slavery)

Northern Democrats	Southern Democrats	Republicans	Constitutional Union
	3.	4.	5.

Chapter 15, SECTION 3: LINCOLN'S ELECTION AND SOUTHERN SECESSION, CONTINUED

Secession and the Failure of Compromise (502-503)

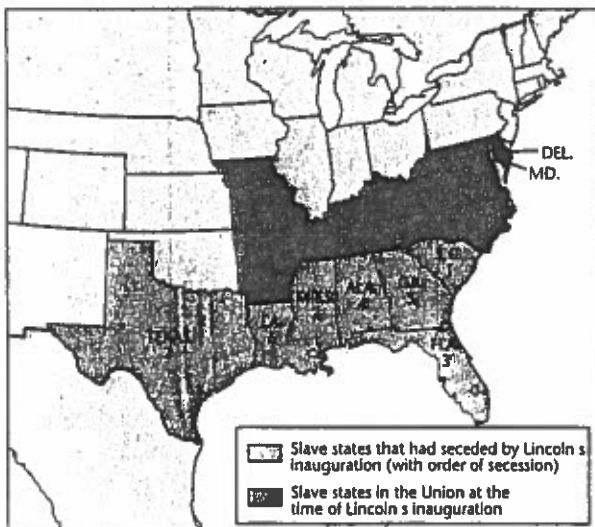
Southern States Secede		The Crittendon Compromise
South	Carolina	Proposed that:
6.		Slavery should be protected south of the line established in the Missouri Compromise.
7.		
8.		12.
9.		The federal government should compensate the owners of fugitive slaves.
10.		
11.		13. Result:

What was the purpose of the Crittendon Compromise?

MARK IT UP! Circle each term where it appears in your notes and be sure you understand its meaning. If a term does not appear, write it beside the box where it best belongs.

Confederate States of America
Jefferson Davis
Crittendon Compromise

SKILLBUILDER



The map shows which states seceded from the Union around the time of Lincoln's inauguration.

14. **MARK IT UP!** Study the map of Southern secession. Draw an "X" on the last state to secede before Lincoln's inauguration.

15. **MARK IT UP!** Draw a star on the southernmost state that had *not* seceded by Lincoln's inauguration. How many slave states were still in the Union when Lincoln was inaugurated?