HOMEWORK CHECK: CHAPTER 15 SECTION 1

NORTH ECONOMY
- mainly AGRICULTURE (small FARMS)
- more INDUSTRY and commerce
- invested in FACTORIES
- IMMIGRATION builds population and mans factories
SOUTH ECONOMY
- mainly AGRICULTURAL (PLANTATION farming & SLAYE labor)
- few wealthy plantation owners - most powerful group
- invested in LAND and SLAVES
- cash crops important - c offon & t oballo (Virginia)
NORTH VIEWS ON SLAVERY
- some immediate a bolition - end slavery now
- many gradual abolition – stop slavery from spreading
- wage earners see slaves as rivals
SOUTH VIEW OF SLAVERY
- most southern farmers had no slaves
- Justification for slaves
- Racist idea that whites are superior
- Bring Christianity to them
- Lifetime <u>CALE</u> - food, shelter, clothes
WILMOT PROVISO - David Wilmot (PA congressman) idea
- What? "rider" attached to bills that BANNED extending
- What? "rider" attached to bills that BANNED extending slavery into Mexican Cession
- What? "rider" attached to bills that BANNED extending slavery into Mexican Cession - Leads to FREE SOIL Party - no slave expansion
- What? "rider" attached to bills that BANNED extending slavery into Mexican Cession

COMPROMISE of 1850 – Idea of Henry Clay

- Stephen Douglas, Illinois senator, responsible for passage
- North likes:
 - California admitted as a FREE state
 - Slave TRADE ends in WASHINGTON, D.C.
- South likes:
 - No banning of slavery in <u>MEXICAN</u> Cession
 - Stronger FUGITIVE Slave Law

FUGITIVE SLAVE ACT (LAW) - Part of Compromise of 1850

- Accused slave held without warrant
- South View: slaves are PROPERTY
- North View: Anger runaway slaves must be recaptured and returned
- Result: 1) more abolitionists created
 - 2) Uncle <u>TOM'S CABIN</u> book by Harriet Beecher STOWE
 - a) North view book showed cRUELTY of slavery
 - b) South view book has distorted view

KANSAS NEBRASKA ACT - Idea of Stephen A. DOUGLAS

- split Nebraska Territory into K ANSAS and NEBRA-SICA
- use p<u>OPVLAR</u> sovereignty to decide
 - people decide if slave or free through e lection s
- South favors allows slavery to expand north no 36° 30' restriction of MISSOURI Compromise
- LEADS TO:
 - 1) "BLEEDING KANSAS"
 - a. fighting between proslavery and anti-slavery SACK OF LAWRENCE, KANSAS
 - b. John Brown kills five proslavery people

- 2) VIOLENCE IN CONGRESS
 SENATOR CHARLES SUMNER OF MA GETS
 CANED BY REP. PRESTON BROOKS OF SC
- 3) FORMATION OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

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