Unit 9: Organic Chemistry Exam Review Sheet



Across

- 4. Chains of small molecules
- 6. Aliphatic compounds with at least one double bond between carbon atoms
- 8. This attached group is C₂H₅
- 11. A -OH functional group indicates that the substance is an
- 12. Fats, oils and waxes
- 17. RNA
- 18. Polymers are broken through _____ reactions were one large molecule is split by the addition of a water molecule
- 21. This functional group indicates an alcohol (-OH)
- 23. This bond attaches amino acids together
- 24. Nine carbons
- 25. Aliphatic compounds with at least one triple bond between carbon atoms
- 26. These acids have a carboxyl group and an amino group
- 30. One carbon
- 31. Aromatic compounds have this structure (2 words)
- 32. Found in the nucleus of cells
- 34. A chain of simple sugars that are bound together
- 35. The process of getting an ester from a reaction involving an alcohol combining with an organic acid in the presence of concentrated sulfuric acid
- 36. Chain of amino acids
- 37. Polymers are created through _____ reactions where two small molecules are joined together and a water molecule is removed
- 39. An atom or group of atoms that is responsible for the specific properties of an organic compound
- 42. Four carbons
- 43. Eight carbons
- 44. Two carbons
- 46. This attached group is C₃H₇
- 47. Create saturated, solid lipids
- 48. Six carbons
- 49. A -COOH functional group indicates that the substance is an _____.
- 50. Ten carbons
- 51. A small molecule that can be bound into chains creating a large molecule

Down

- 1. DNA
- 2. Compounds containing carbon and hydrogen
- 3. Fatty acids with many double bonds
- 5. This type of hydrocarbon will have a hydrogen replaced with an atom of a different element
- 7. These compounds have benzene rings
- 9. This attached group is CH₃
- 10. These are often used as artificial flavors and scents
- 13. Compounds with the same chemical formulas, but different molecular structures
- 14. This functional group indicates an organic acid (-COOH)
- 15. These are chains of attached nucleotides
- 16. All organic compounds that do not have benzene rings
- 19. Saturated hydrocarbons
- 20. This is the result of a hydrogen being replaced by an element from group 17 in a hydrocarbon; also called an alkyl halide
- 22. Most organic compounds are not naturally occurring; they are ____.
- 23. Five carbons
- 27. This word refers to compounds containing carbon
- 28. Create unsaturated lipids (liquids and solids)
- 29. Three carbons
- 33. A simple sugar such as glucose
- 38. Seven carbons
- 39. A chain of carbons containing a carboxyl group
- 40. Sugars and starches
- 41. Another term for sugar
- 45. Twisted shape of DNA and RNA

Also for the exam:

- Be able to draw, name and write the formula for <u>various</u> aliphatic compounds
- Be able to draw and name substituted hydrocarbons (similar to what is in your notes)
- Identify a condensation, hydrolysis, or esterification reaction

On loose-leaf:

- 1. Draw (using full notation), name, and write the formula for an alkane chain with 4 carbons.
- 2. Draw (using full notation), name, and write the formula for an alkene chain with 5 carbons.
- 3. Draw (using full notation), name, and write the formula for an alkyne with chain 8 carbons.
- 4. Draw (using proper shorthand notation), name, and write the formula for 5 isomers of nonane.
- 5. Draw (using full notation) and write the formula for benzene.
- Draw (using proper shorthand notation), name, and write the formula for an alkane of 7 carbons with 2 methyl groups and an ethyl group.