## Multiplying Rational Expressions Guide

- 1 Factor out each numerator and each denominator, if possible (start by looking for a GCF to take out)
- (2) "Set up" to multiply by putting each item in the numerator and each item in the denominator next to one another to be multiplied, and then cancel out common terms/factors
- (3) Multiply what's left in the numerator, and multiply what's left in the denominator, if possible.
- 4 Take out (factor out) any remaining common terms in the numerator and denominator

Example:

Find the product:  $\frac{x+5}{6x^3} \bullet \frac{15x}{2x+10}$ 

1 Factor out each numerator and each denominator, if possible (start by looking for a GCF to take out)

The only thing that can be factored is  $2x + 10 \rightarrow$  it can be factored as 2(x + 5)

So, we now have  $\frac{x+5}{6x^3} \bullet \frac{15x}{2(x+5)}$ 

(2) "Set up" to multiply by putting each item in the numerator and each item in the denominator next to one another to be multiplied, then cancel out common terms/factors

Set up:

Cancel out common terms/factors:

 $\frac{(x+5)15x}{(6x^3)2(x+5)}$ 

Both the numerator and denominator have the factor (x + 5), so we can cancel each

 $\frac{(x-5)15x}{(6x^3)2(x)}$ 

(3) Multiply what's left in the numerator, and multiply what's left in the denominator, if possible.

There's nothing left to multiply in the numerator, so we are left with 15x on top  $\rightarrow$  15xWe can multiply what's left in the denominator,  $(6x^3)2$  and we get  $12x^3$   $\rightarrow$   $12x^3$ 

Take out (factor out) any remaining common terms in the numerator and denominator
The GCF of 15 and 12 is 3, and the GCF of the x's is just x. So, the GCF of the numerator and
denominator is 3x → take a 3x out of the numerator and denominator,
and we're left with 

□

 $\frac{5}{4x^2}$